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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/086,248	03/04/2002	Michel Philippe	05725.1032-00	7789
7590 11/07/2003			EXAMINER	
Thomas L. Irving			CRIARES, THEODORE J	
FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER, L.L.P.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1300 I Street, N.W.			1617	~
Washington, DC 20005-3315			DATE MAILED: 11/07/2003	D

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	A ti- adia Na	Applicant(s)				
•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/086,248	PHILIPPE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Theodore J. Criares	1617				
Th MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover she t with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was a reply reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH. cause the application to become ABAN	y be timely filed 10) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 A	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>25 August 2003</u> .					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Th	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	Ex parte Quayle, 1955 C.D.	11, 400 O.G. 210.				
4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) 2-13 and 18-27 is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 14-17</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5	5) Notice of Info	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)  ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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# **CLAIMS 1-27 ARE PRESENTED FOR EXAMINATION**

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1 and 14-17 in Paper No. 7 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that there is no undue burden on the examiner to examine both the composition and method claims. This is not found persuasive because there is an undue burden placed on the examiner since there are different criteria in the examination of composition claims from those required of method claims. Further, an undue burden is placed on the examiner, specifically since it is required that there be complete search of the cosmetic and chemical compound literature. In addition, classes 424 and 514 are required to be searched for relevant art first for the compound and secondly for the compound within the composition as a moisturizer

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

Claims 2-13 and 18-27 are withdrawn from consideration.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

Claims 1 and 14-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Phillippe et al. (WO 99/49837, hereinafter referred to as '937).

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'937 teaches in the abstract applicants' claimed compounds used for strengthening and care of keratinous fibre. The application of applicants' claimed known compounds, as taught by '937, would inherently **prevent** drying out keratin fibres as claimed by applicants. In other words once the compounds are used for a different purpose they would be preventing any other claimed condition. See Ex partie Novitski 26 USPQ2d 1389.

### **DOUBLE PATENTING**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1 and 14-17 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 23, 24, 25, 27, and 28 of U. S. Patent No. 6,585,962 since the claims, if allowed, would improperly extend the "right to exclude" already granted in the patent.

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The subject matter claimed in the instant application is obvious from the teachings in the patent and claims therein. The claims of the patent are drawn to applying applicants' compounds to lips (claim 23), in the form of lipstick (claim 24), skin (claim 25), protective body milk (claim 27), and a night product (claim 28). The difference between these claims and applicants' claims is that applicants are claiming a moisturizing feature. However, the skilled artisan would have been motivated to use applicants' known claimed compounds to moisten the skin since the compounds were previously disclosed in the manner setforth above which are used to keep the skin and lips moist.

This obvious type double Patenting rejection is deemed proper.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant was prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application during prosecution of the application which matured into a patent. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

None of the claims are allowed..

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Theodore J. Criares whose telephone number is 308-4607. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 A.M. to 5:00P.M. Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreenivasan Padmanabhan can be reached on 305-1877. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 308-1235.

Theodore J. Criares Primary Examiner Art Unit 1617

tjc 11/05/03